Exhibit 4

Exhibit A



Underwriting Guidelines

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CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- Equifax,
- · Experian, and
- · Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

Once an updated report has been generated, the previous credit reports may no longer be considered in qualification, and only the new report information will be used to qualify and determine credit grade.

CREDIT SCORES

Credit scores from each credit reporting agency will be used for loan eligibility, qualification, and pricing.

Qualifying Credit Score

Only scores of occupant borrowers may be used to determine eligibility, qualification, and pricing. Credit scores of non-occupant co-borrowers must meet the assigned credit grade standards for the occupant borrower and cannot be used to upgrade the occupant borrower's credit grade.

When the application includes only one borrower, the credit score used to qualify is:

- The middle of the three reported repository scores,
- The lower of two reported scores, if the third repository does not report a score, or
- The only reported score or if no score is reported, the loan is underwritten under the Legacy program.

Note: When a single repository reports multiple scores, the lowest of the reported scores must be used as the score from that repository.

August 1, 2005

CREDIT

3-1



DOCUMENTATION TYPES

FULL DOC

For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

Qualifying income must be from an eligible income source, as detailed in the Income and Employment section.

STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

Stated Income is not permitted:

- For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonable based on factors including, but not limited to the:

- · Stated income source,
- · Employment position, and/or
- · Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



- · Rent from illegal dwelling units
- Rental income on a second home
- Temporary or short-term disability
- Unsecured/signature loans

WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- · 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

- Borrowers who derive at least 25% of their primary income from a business in which they hold an ownership interest.
- Borrowers who do not own a business, but who derive the majority of their income from commissions or from primarily gratuity-based professions, which are reported on IRS form 1099.

Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

 Federal tax returns – complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.

August 1, 2005

INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT

6-2



Underwriting Guidelines

- 1099s and Profit & Loss Statement (P&L) earnings (gross business revenues) from sources such as commissions, contract earnings, etc. may be supported with:
 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- · Employer's contact phone number,
- · Borrower's current employment status, and
- · Borrower's employment position or title.

If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

- Valid business licenses.
- · Membership in the Better Business Bureau,
- · Yellow pages advertisement, or
- Confirmation through State or Federal websites.

The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- · Business cards
- Invoices
- Flyers
- · Reference letters
- Previously filed 1040s for Stated Income loans

Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.
- Rental income deposits reflected on the statements must be subtracted from the total deposits before calculating the average monthly income.

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Exhibit B



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	PRIMARY BORROWER	2-3
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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- · Equifax,
- · Experian, and
- · Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

Once an updated report has been generated, the previous credit reports may no longer be considered in qualification, and only the new report information will be used to qualify and determine credit grade.

August 5, 2005

4 DOCUMENTATION TYPES

FULL DOC

For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

Qualifying income must be from an eligible income source, as detailed in the Income and Employment section.

STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

Stated Income is not permitted:

- For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

Continued on next page

August 5, 2005

DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

- Borrowers who derive at least 25% of their primary income from a business in which they hold an ownership interest.
- Borrowers who do not own a business, but who derive the majority of their income from commissions or from primarily gratuity-based professions, which are reported on IRS form 1099.

Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.



Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
- 1099s and Profit & Loss Statement (P&L) earnings (gross business revenues) from sources such as commissions, contract earnings, etc. may be supported with:
 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- Employer's contact phone number,
- · Borrower's current employment status, and
- Borrower's employment position or title.

Continued on next page

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INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT



If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

- Valid business licenses,
- Membership in the Better Business Bureau,
- Yellow pages advertisement, or
- Confirmation through State or Federal websites.

The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- · Business cards
- Invoices
- Fivers
- · Reference letters
- Previously filed 1040s for Stated Income loans

Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT

Exhibit C



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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- Equifax,
- · Experian, and
- · Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

Once an updated report has been generated, the previous credit reports may no longer be considered in qualification, and only the new report information will be used to qualify and determine credit grade.

4 DOCUMENTATION TYPES

FULL DOC

For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

Qualifying income must be from an eligible income source, as detailed in the Income and Employment section.

STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

Stated Income is not permitted:

- For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- · 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

- Borrowers who derive at least 25% of their primary income from a business in which they hold an ownership interest.
- Borrowers who do not own a business, but who derive the majority of their income from commissions or from primarily gratuity-based professions, which are reported on IRS form 1099.

Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.



Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
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 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- · Employer's contact phone number,
- · Borrower's current employment status, and
- Borrower's employment position or title.

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INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT



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- Valid business licenses,
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- · Confirmation through State or Federal websites.

The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- · Business cards
- Invoices
- Flyers
- · Reference letters
- Previously filed 1040s for Stated Income loans

Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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	Minimum Credit Scores	3-3
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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- · Equifax,
- · Experian, and
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Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
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Once an updated report has been generated, the previous credit reports may no longer be considered in qualification, and only the new report information will be used to qualify and determine credit grade.

4 DOCUMENTATION TYPES

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- · For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
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 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- · Stated income source,
- · Employment position, and/or
- · Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



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 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

Continued on next page

August 5, 2005

DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- · Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- · Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

- Borrowers who derive at least 25% of their primary income from a business in which they hold an ownership interest.
- Borrowers who do not own a business, but who derive the majority of their income from commissions or from primarily gratuity-based professions, which are reported on IRS form 1099.

Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.



Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
- 1099s and Profit & Loss Statement (P&L) earnings (gross business revenues) from sources such as commissions, contract earnings, etc. may be supported with:
 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- Employer's contact phone number,
- · Borrower's current employment status, and
- · Borrower's employment position or title.

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If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

- · Valid business licenses,
- Membership in the Better Business Bureau,
- · Yellow pages advertisement, or
- Confirmation through State or Federal websites.

The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- · Business cards
- Invoices
- Flyers
- Reference letters
- Previously filed 1040s for Stated Income loans

Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- · Equifax,
- · Experian, and
- Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

Once an updated report has been generated, the previous credit reports may no longer be considered in qualification, and only the new report information will be used to qualify and determine credit grade.

4 DOCUMENTATION TYPES

FULL DOC

For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

Qualifying income must be from an eligible income source, as detailed in the Income and Employment section.

STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

Stated Income is not permitted:

- · For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- · Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

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Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.

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Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
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 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- Employer's contact phone number,
- Borrower's current employment status, and
- Borrower's employment position or title.

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If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

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The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- · Business cards
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Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- Equifax,
- · Experian, and
- · Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

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FULL DOC

For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

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STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

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- · For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES



- · Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

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Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.



Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
- 1099s and Profit & Loss Statement (P&L) earnings (gross business revenues) from sources such as commissions, contract earnings, etc. may be supported with:
 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- Employer's contact phone number,
- · Borrower's current employment status, and
- · Borrower's employment position or title.

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If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

- · Valid business licenses,
- Membership in the Better Business Bureau,
- · Yellow pages advertisement, or
- Confirmation through State or Federal websites.

The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- · Business cards
- Invoices
- Flyers
- Reference letters
- Previously filed 1040s for Stated Income loans

Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- Equifax,
- · Experian, and
- · Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

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FULL DOC

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STATED INCOME

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- For applicants with fixed income.
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- · When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application.
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

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CREDIT REPORTS

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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

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For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

Qualifying income must be from an eligible income source, as detailed in the Income and Employment section.

STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

Stated Income is not permitted:

- For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

Continued on next page

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.

August 5, 2005



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

- Borrowers who derive at least 25% of their primary income from a business in which they hold an ownership interest.
- Borrowers who do not own a business, but who derive the majority of their income from commissions or from primarily gratuity-based professions, which are reported on IRS form 1099.

Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.

August 5, 2005



Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
- 1099s and Profit & Loss Statement (P&L) earnings (gross business revenues) from sources such as commissions, contract earnings, etc. may be supported with:
 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- · Employer's contact phone number,
- Borrower's current employment status, and
- Borrower's employment position or title.

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If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

- · Valid business licenses,
- Membership in the Better Business Bureau,
- Yellow pages advertisement, or
- · Confirmation through State or Federal websites.

The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- · Business cards
- Invoices
- Flyers
- · Reference letters
- · Previously filed 1040s for Stated Income loans

Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- · Equifax,
- · Experian, and
- · Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

Once an updated report has been generated, the previous credit reports may no longer be considered in qualification, and only the new report information will be used to qualify and determine credit grade.

4 DOCUMENTATION TYPES

FULL DOC

For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

Qualifying income must be from an eligible income source, as detailed in the Income and Employment section.

STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

Stated Income is not permitted:

- For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

Continued on next page

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- · Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- · 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

- Borrowers who derive at least 25% of their primary income from a business in which they hold an ownership interest.
- Borrowers who do not own a business, but who derive the majority of their income from commissions or from primarily gratuity-based professions, which are reported on IRS form 1099.

Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.

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Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
- 1099s and Profit & Loss Statement (P&L) earnings (gross business revenues) from sources such as commissions, contract earnings, etc. may be supported with:
 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- Employer's contact phone number,
- · Borrower's current employment status, and
- Borrower's employment position or title.

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INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT

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If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

- Valid business licenses,
- · Membership in the Better Business Bureau,
- · Yellow pages advertisement, or
- Confirmation through State or Federal websites.

The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- Business cards
- Invoices
- Flyers
- Reference letters
- Previously filed 1040s for Stated Income loans

Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- Equifax,
- Experian, and
- · Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

Once an updated report has been generated, the previous credit reports may no longer be considered in qualification, and only the new report information will be used to qualify and determine credit grade.

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CREDIT

4 DOCUMENTATION TYPES

FULL DOC

For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

Qualifying income must be from an eligible income source, as detailed in the Income and Employment section.

STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

Stated Income is not permitted:

- For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

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Continued on next page

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- · Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

- Borrowers who derive at least 25% of their primary income from a business in which they hold an ownership interest.
- Borrowers who do not own a business, but who derive the majority of their income from commissions or from primarily gratuity-based professions, which are reported on IRS form 1099.

Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.



Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
- 1099s and Profit & Loss Statement (P&L) earnings (gross business revenues) from sources such as commissions, contract earnings, etc. may be supported with:
 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- · Employer's contact phone number,
- · Borrower's current employment status, and
- · Borrower's employment position or title.

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If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

- · Valid business licenses,
- · Membership in the Better Business Bureau,
- Yellow pages advertisement, or
- Confirmation through State or Federal websites.

The following will not be accepted as evidence of business existence:

- Business cards
- Invoices
- Flyers
- · Reference letters
- Previously filed 1040s for Stated Income loans

Bank Statements

When permitted by specific product guidelines to document business income, the following restrictions and requirements apply to both business and personal bank statements:

- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

- Equifax,
- · Experian, and
- · Trans Union.

Credit reports used to qualify and determine credit grade must not be more than 60 days old at the time of funding. Option One will obtain an updated credit report if:

- The qualifying credit report is more than 60 days old at time of funding.
- The borrower authorizes Option One to generate a new report because of material changes in credit status or history.

Note: The borrower's authorization must include details pertaining to any material changes and specifically permit Option One to obtain a credit report. Written authorization is required unless verbal authorization is provided directly to an Option One associate.

Once an updated report has been generated, the previous credit reports may no longer be considered in qualification, and only the new report information will be used to qualify and determine credit grade.

4 DOCUMENTATION TYPES

FULL DOC

For Full Doc loans, income and employment must be satisfactorily documented for the last 12 to 24 months, depending on the source and specific program requirements.

Qualifying income must be from an eligible income source, as detailed in the Income and Employment section.

STATED INCOME

Stated Income allows use of the income declared by the borrower on the application to qualify without verification. Qualifying income must be from eligible source as detailed in the Income and Employment section. When funds are required for closing or reserves, assets must be satisfactorily documented as detailed in the Assets section.

Stated Income is not permitted:

- For applicants with fixed income.
- For applicants with a mortgage currently in foreclosure.
- When alterations of any type have been made to:
 - The "Monthly Income and Combined Expense" section of the application,
 - Any income amount on the application, or
 - Any income or employment documentation provided in the loan file.

The stated income must be reasonably based on factors including, but not limited to the:

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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- · Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

Lite Doc loans require the borrower to provide minimal documentation.

No Doc

Employment income and asset information is not disclosed on the application and verification documentation is not required.

Note: For specific requirements and limitations for each documentation type, refer to product and/or program guidelines and matrices.



WAGE EARNER

Wages from a borrower's employment may be used for loan qualification if:

- The wages are paid on a regular, recurring basis, and the income is reported by the employer to the IRS on a W-2 form, and
- The borrower is not self-employed as defined below, under "Self Employed Borrower."

Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements:

- · Recent pay stub,
- 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

- Borrowers who derive at least 25% of their primary income from a business in which they hold an ownership interest.
- Borrowers who do not own a business, but who derive the majority of their income from commissions or from primarily gratuity-based professions, which are reported on IRS form 1099.

Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.



Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

- Federal tax returns complete business and personal federal tax returns may be provided to support the amount of net qualifying business income after expenses. Tax returns must bear the original signature of the borrower and the borrower must sign IRS form 4506T at or before funding.
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 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
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VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- · Employer's contact phone number,
- Borrower's current employment status, and
- Borrower's employment position or title.

Continued on next page

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Bank Statements

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- Income may not be combined from personal and business bank statements.
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3 CREDIT

CREDIT REPORTS

Option One generate an original tri-merged credit report for each applicant that contains credit data from the following repositories:

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FULL DOC

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 - Any income amount on the application, or
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DOCUMENTATION TYPES

4-1



- · Stated income source,
- Employment position, and/or
- Borrower's current credit profile.

LITE DOC

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No Doc

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WAGE EARNER

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- 1040 with all schedules, or
- W-2.

Second Jobs, Part Time, Temporary, or Seasonal Employment

Wages from secondary, part time, temporary, or seasonal employment may be used to qualify if the borrower has established a satisfactory history of this type of income.

SELF EMPLOYED BORROWER

The following are classified as self-employed for the purposes of loan qualification:

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Note: Refer to product and/or program-specific guidelines and matrices for requirements, limitations, and documentation types.

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Documentation Requirements

Unless otherwise restricted by program/product guidelines, the following documents may be used to satisfy Full Documentation requirements for self employment:

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- 1099s and Profit & Loss Statement (P&L) earnings (gross business revenues) from sources such as commissions, contract earnings, etc. may be supported with:
 - Copies of the 1099 forms sent to the borrower from the revenue sources, and
 - A satisfactory profit and loss statement to establish the ratio of expenses to revenues. Profit and loss statements must detail expense types and amounts common for the business type and must bear the borrower's original signature.

VERIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment sources are verbally verified to confirm the:

- Employer's contact phone number,
- Borrower's current employment status, and
- Borrower's employment position or title.

Continued on next page

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If the borrower's employment contact cannot be verified through an independent source, satisfactory alternate evidence of the business existence is required, including, but not limited to:

- · Valid business licenses,
- · Membership in the Better Business Bureau,
- · Yellow pages advertisement, or
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- · Reference letters
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Bank Statements

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- Cash flow history (including negative balances and Non-Sufficient Funds [NSF]) should be taken into consideration.

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